pairs of socks for the Belgians -
Dr. C. will be 82 Feb. 28th a most
Couple Mrs. C. attends the Club & D.A.R.
meetings. Ida sent me some Violets
picked on their grounds in Ala. visit
the seed catalogs cumming to look
over Dr Orgins to notice the longer days
and thinks of Spring and gardens.
as the bear did not see his shadow
we expect to watch the openings
Buds before many weeks -
With the kindest wishes to you
all F. & A -

West Lebanon,
Feb. 9th 1915 -

Dear Dr. Geo.

Thank you, yes, I
can found "The Class Book of 1867"
very interesting following the lives
of some of those I had met as
heard you speak of in the years
gone by - That Bronze tablet - must
look fine & be most interesting to
you & your family - and as I
understand "The Library Room" was
given by Yourself - I can imagine how
your Class must enjoy these reunions

SHOUT
SHARE
IT

you used to hear L Banner to attend sometimes. I was pleased to hear that you were all well at The Dins and that M. A. L. was with you - We have been enjoying quite comfortable weather lately. 34 ? 36 at noon - though little sun to melt the snow so the sliding is quite good. The walking also so I prefer walking down town to driving in the cold - am thankful to be able to do so. My birds are hungry as ever, Chickadees, Tree Sparrows, white breasted nuthatches and last week a pair of red headed nuthatches came & seem quite tame. What bright-little creatures they are - We are often watching them. The downy wood peckers disappeared the first severe cold but this P.M. one came and had quite a meal on my window board - Blue jays come under the window & pick up the corn - I do not care for them even if they do look pretty on the white snow. and I have an affection for the red squirrels eating up the birds nuts & suet. Mr & Mrs. C. Low are very well Mrs. C who was 80 last Oct. has knitted 6

THE RETREAT,
ST. BEES,
CUMBERLAND.

25/10/04

Dear Dr Kennedy

Many thanks for the Flora of Willoughby with its pretty photographs which remind one very much of our own Lake district I will keep it amongst my other botanical treasures.

On looking over the list I see a few that are common to both countries but many strangers.

My wife & I are very much obliged for the photographs you sent last year which have been permanently mounted in a book as a reminder of a very pleasant holiday at Grasmere and of some kind friends.

I had intended last Summer to go to Hobcarton & get Lychnis Alpina and send you some specimens, it is probably the scarcest of British plants but I was unable to get away, all will next Summer I will go if possible.

I wonder if I shall ever see the States again I ful a great desire to go to California but would probably have to go to industrial parts in this country my chief interests are in iron ore mining it is often very profitable but the depression in the Iron Trade has made it less so for two or three years, my father & mother are both living & my wife would at the worst rather live in a cottage in this country than new away - Crop prospects in this district have been fully realised, apples are very plentiful but our eating apples are American they are much finer in flavour than any home ones we get.

I am sending you a copy of the Botanical Exchange Club my father often contributes & I help him a bit

With best wishes to Mrs Kennedy & yourself from us both

I remain
Yours truly
Hardidon Adair

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

UNIVERSITY MUSEUM
CHAS. C. ADAMS, CURATOR.

ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN

Mr. G. G. Kennedy
Readville Mass

Dear Sir:- Please send me a copy of your paper on the "Flora of Willoughby Vermont."
I send you a couple of papers.

Very truly
Chas. C. Adams,

MAR 18 1905

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF FORESTRY
WASHINGTON

RECORDS

June 24, 1905.

Mr. Geo. G. Kennedy,

Readville, Mass.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of June 20 is received. I am very glad to send you, by early mail, a copy of Bulletin No. 55, "Forest Conditions in Northern New Hampshire".

Your interesting publication, entitled "Flora of Willoughy, Vermont", has also been received, and added to the library of the Bureau. Your courtesy in sending this document is highly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

James B Adams

Chief.

I have told you a deal about our doings, but I hope you won't consider them it egotistical - the fact is that this being general vacation time in England everyone is playing & not much work going on. The great event just now is being how the Ballot is going to work in the very Parliamentary election. So far, in the 2 instances things seem much as they were with or without the Ballot: but as yet it is hardly possible to tell how it will work without more practice & experience - Certainly travelling in a Country does give you an insight & a pleasure in the doings & things you otherwise never had before - & I read the "Nation" with much greater interest. My brother has always taken it since he was in America & I fancy it is as good a paper as you can take. We also have the "Galaxy" & he is much interested in "Life on the Plains" by Gen[l] Custer which is coming out in that. I was very sorry to hear of the fire in Emmerson's house. We called on him & sat with him for half an hour in his Library. The very room I fancy which suffered most from the fire. Surely seems to have no chance now & I see C. F. Adams has written strongly in favor of Grant: I have not yet seen about your Ulster, but as soon as I return home (in about 3 weeks) it shall be looked

[illegible] I hope you [illegible] is going [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

(over though we understood it)

& was never ridiculed in, & we made all were friends enough, for a game a whist. The principle passengers were Shoddy & Snobby & Mouldy from the U.S.A. We many times wished we had some of our old Russian friends with us. We were both quite well and so far nothing of Cholera been better. I like the "Russia" as a vessel fully better than the "Scotia". As soon as we got here i.e. England we were at home for a week & then came to our Northern quarters. You will see from the address that it is as unpronouncable & unspellable as a proper Gallic name &c &c, & though you I may add that to give the sound & spell it shortly, we generally write it "Tullyoch". We have had a very stormy Autumn, incessant rain nearly & the crops of Grain are nearly ruined in the North of England. Sheep look bad for the winter, but I think presently, will put an end to them. The people are too well off. They can make enough in a few hours work a day, & spend their leisure in drink & trying to make other people buy dear & sell cheap. I don't wonder if we have a Panic of some kind before long. Whenever things get too hot, there is a storm to clear the atmosphere. I have often thought of how you & Mrs Kennedy with your love for country air & life would like this out of the way place. We are half way up the side of Loch Rannoch which is 12 miles long & from our windows have a splendid view from on both sides. on the West looking right up towards Skeuve & from the room above the House, see nearly across Scotland. We a splendid Panorama of Mountains. The Shooting has been bad, as rain & cold killed many old birds in the nest & prevented the young grouse from hatching & when, if hatched they were drowned. I cannot a list of Game killed though it is not up to the average: but it is various. The Hares are the same as the Arctic ones. Blue in Summer & White in winter. We drive them up to the hill tops & shoot them there. Yesterday with 8 guns we got 232. Grouse of course are the thing.

Totals.	Hares.	274.	Curlew	1.
	Blackgame.	43	Duck.	2.
	Partridges.	14.		1394.
	Grouse.	1.000		
	Rabbits.	27		
	Snipe	13		
	Woodcocks.	6		
	Ptarmigan.	8		
	Golden Plover.	5		
	Teal	1		

Partridges & Ducks do not count hardly begun to look for yet: but the Grouse are nearly unapproachable & if we get 200. more it will be all we shall do.

Quebec. June 19th/72.

My dear Dr. Kennedy.

Your most kind & cordial note of the 12th Inst: I received in Montreal 2 days ago & only delayed replying till this we could arrange our plans from here. We have been disappointed in going on to the Saguenay as the steamers do not begin to run this next week. So would it suit you equally well for us to visit you now instead of postponing it till the end of our term when we may be too hurried. I do hope to get to Saratoga on Tuesday (25th) inst: & if agreeable to you would come on to Northampton on the Thursday (27th) & stay till the Saturday on which days we are due in Boston. A line from you to the Post Office Saratoga will find us if you will kindly say if this offer of ours is quite agreeable & convenient. As you are with a friend & we have named a different time to the one you did, it may

probably not be convenient to receive us under your roof & we cannot shall be quite willing to abide in an hostelry.

We have had a very pleasant trip with only few drawbacks & fine weather. We did not go further west than Chicago & intend not to for the Sapsucker will make it up by visiting the White Mountains more in detail. Ohio is a charming old town. I have always pretty thing for antiquity, & the trees are splendid. We only arrived this morning & have not come to have met much time to see all in, but beyond the town itself there is not much to see. I shall receive all news till we meet & with united thanks for your kind remembrance of us & kind invitation. Believe me with united kind regards to you & yours

most truly yours.

David Anderson

Geophysical Laboratory
Washington, D.C.
June 12, 1910

Dr. S. G. Kennedy
Readville, Mass.
Dear Sir:

Thank you very much for sending the reprint. I saw a copy of it last year at Richardson's tavern, and obtained considerable help from it in the way of clues to plants long past flowering. I saw Willoughby last summer for the first time and was delighted with its scenery, its air and its flora. Several of the ferns I had never seen before. I believe the green Spleenwort and

Clintonia Shield fern are the only ones now which I have not found there or elsewhere. I hunted for the former several times along the cliffs of Hor but without success. On Willoughby Mt. I found the ledges and boulders above the cliffs far more productive than the cliffs themselves, and this year I am planning to hunt in particular the region above the cliffs clear around to the south end of the mountain. I found the shelves on Hedgehog Mt. full of beautiful Pellea gracilis and Woodsia glabella. Unfortunately I can not reach Westmore till about July 20 - when the orchids are past flowering.

I thank you very much on my own pa t for compiling the flora of Willoughby. I am not a botanist myself — but a chemist, though I have followed systematic botany as a pastime for a good many years. It would be pleasant to find some one in Westmore who is as enthusiastic as I am over its flora, though all the people seem to be somewhat infected. Should you chance to come this summer I should most certainly hope to meet you.

Very truly Yours,

Eugene P. Allen

Buckfield, Me., Sept. 1894.

To the Board of Visitors to the Botanic Garden of Harvard University.

Gentlemen:

I enclose a copy of a letter from Mr. Walter F. Temple of Somerville, a member of the Mass. Horticultural Society. I have substituted blanks for the name and residence of the gardener mentioned in it. I do not suppose that a gardener among more than a score of gentlemen is necessarily a ruffian. Therefore, this extraordinary development of ruffianism in the Garden which has spared from insult neither our revered ex-President Dr. Gray and Dr. Watson venerated for their learning and character throughout the world must be due to the director's bad judgement in selecting his subordinates and his weakness and negligence in managing them. I do not think that the Arboretum has had any difficulty

this sort. Since the Garden is almost entirely useless, it seems that the University would be the same without it as with it, if it is to continue a source of scandal and disgrace. Mr. Seaton, the late assistant curator of the Herbarium described it to me fully in a few words, saying, "It is really not a botanic garden; it is only a flower garden". It would be desirable to ascertain what proportion the cost of material furnished to the students by the Garden bears to that coming from the Nursing Institution, and what proportion the cost of maintaining the Garden bears to the sum paid the Nursing Institution for material. I doubt whether the Garden furnishes a hundred dollars worth of material yearly, and beyond producing this, it renders no service whatever to either science or education. In conclusion let me remind you that I have not asked from you a report condemning the management of the Garden, but only a report

advising an investigation by disinterested experts. If you believed that the director had not been incompetent and negligent, it would be your duty to him, since my charges are now widely known, to give him an opportunity to disprove them so that all might be convinced. This could only be done by such an investigation as I request. If you think that he has been incompetent and negligent, a thorough proof is equally desirable.

Very respectfully yours,

John H. Allen.

Westminster, Vt.,
Aug 3. 1894.

John M. Allen.

{Copy of letter from Temple to Allen.
Page 1.}

My Dear Sir,

Your circular on the management of Harvard Bot. Garden is just rec'd, & I wish to say that you have my cordial sympathy in your efforts to inject some life into that patch of useless land misnamed as above. It reminds me of a deserted farm here in the hills. I think the objection you make that the gardener has too much authority is correct. It was exactly so when Mr. —— was in charge there. He was a coarse rude brute in his manners &c, although he had considerable knowledge of plants, was by botanical, & by cultural. I once had the good fortune to do some slight services to Dr. Asa Gray, by getting and packing, for him, a

correspondent: E' grand, Gerlam in the
town and finds that they wanted to get, of a
characteristic old type of the Spanish;
and the good old doctor urged me to see
whether there was of anything in the
Garden that I would like. I said
I might, will come (Sunday. He took
his trowel and came out, and helped me
dig up some, which were under the window
sill. The Herbarium, saying that they
were his personal property and not the
property of the ward, so that I had
to ask the gardener for them.
Well, the extraordinary slanders which
that gardener retailed about the
matter were as comical as they were
exasperating, the time. I've been the
same story of the whole institute
management left to itself and
uncultivated yard and for many
years. Usually the Hayward
directors or overseers seem to
overlook the old garden of not much

instructions and let it run along almost any way, so long as there is no scandal. The trouble is there should be a man there who is a botanist and who has broad ideas of what is needful there - but will the present salary find the head gardener become any better service than the present. £201 - I am curious what comes of the stirring up you are giving them, and I shall be glad to hear about it.

Sincerely yours,

H. L. Temple

Burkfield, Mass. Jan 1. 26 1894.

Hon. Geo. G. Kennedy. Boston.

Dear Sir:

Mr. R. W. Greenleaf of Boston informed me that the estimable gardener is no longer employed at the Botanic Garden, and that other improvements have been made since I was there. I see changes of which I do not know the reasons. Mr. Greenleaf, sincerely [illegible] the result of the election of [illegible] Coll to [illegible] office of [illegible] Mr. Greenleaf urges me to [illegible] of these changes to send [illegible] more copies of my circular. My duty [illegible] number of my pamphlet and my proofs will be more [illegible] through the negligent management of the Garden, having [illegible] discharged by the present [illegible] I am [illegible] to keep myself [illegible]

with the approval of the Alcinoüs
But I shall be obliged to send out
some copies for example by requests for
Vienna Rothell & Dettmar changes
upon them

I am respectfully yours

Jules A. Schlick

American Geographical Society

No. 15 West 81st Street

New York, October 4, 1904.

I am directed to acknowledge on the part of this Society, the receipt of your donation of

Flora of Willoughby, Vermont,

and to express to you its thanks for this gift, which will be deposited in the library.

Very respectfully yours,

Chandler Robbins,
Corresponding Secretary
~~Librarian.~~ (H)

To
Mr. George G. Kennedy
Readville
Mass.

THE AMES BOTANICAL LABORATORY,

NORTH EASTON, MASS.

April 16, 1904.

dear Dr. Kennedy: The Corallorhiza specimens came to-day. I have examined them with a great deal of interest, and now feel prepared to give you my opinion concerning them. The tendency of the flower in both seems to be toward regularity through the conversion of the petals into lips. This tendency is not uncommon in cultivated orchids, which, of course, are subjected to artificial conditions, while in orchid hybrids it is frequent. The flower seems to show two distinct tendencies in orchids. one a conversion of the lip into a petal similar to the normal pair, the other a conversion of the petals into a normal or nearly normal lip. This last condition seems to characterize your interesting specimens. These anomalies have distinct terms, as you know, in phytoteratology when an irregular flower is involved: the first a simple Peloria (or regular) the second ~~an~~ irregular Peloria. Your specimens come under the second of the two categories. In some orchids regular Peloria are apparently normal, at least the rule, as for example in the case of Dendrobium normale and in Oncidium heteranthum. In the flowers of these species no true lip is developed. An interesting variety of Dendrobium nobile, has three lips, is perfectly formed, the petals having taken on brilliancy of color as well as an intricate structure, and is much sort after by horticulturists. All of this may be well known to you but bears on the subject in hand.

Anomalies among our native orchids are not abundant although now and again one will turn up. They are interesting, and often helpful to ascertain the meaning of complex structures or to understand them better.

I should call your specimens Corallorhiza innata, R. Br. To my knowledge the anomaly which distinguishes them has not been recorded for the genus or for the species.

If you can spare a specimen I shall be pleased. I should also like to exchange with you for a set of your duplicate Spiranthes.

Yours sincerely,

Charles Ames.

THE AMES BOTANICAL LABORATORY,

NORTH EASTON, MASS.

April 17, 1904.

Dear Dr. Kennedy: Mr. Eaton has returned the specimens sent for his examination. The Doctor's are as follows,

Fr. Annie Looney, Sept. 2, 1900. Mill. Vt.

J. macrospora.

From Choc. Lake, N. H.

J. Tuckermani boreales, A. A. Eaton.

The remainder of the specimens are as follows.

Botrichium matricariaefolium.

Equisetum arvense memorosum.

" arvense, approaching forma Pseudosylvaticum.

" arvense memorosum.

" " "

all of your specimens of Equisetum are labelled, E. Pratense. with the specimens which I shall have returned to you at once is a specimen of E. Pratense from Maine.

Yours faithfully,

Charles Ames.

P.S. I have already written to you at length about the Corallorhiza. I should have sent Mr. Eaton's determinations at the same time with my letter, but he was busy all day yesterday with other work.

C. A.

North Easton, Mass
June 15, 1904

dear Mr. Kennedy: This is a late reply to your letter of April 20, only to be explained by the unfortunate habit of misplacing things.

Regarding Spiranthes Praecox, Walter. from this region I must say that we only have the "neglecta" form, which I recently recognized as distinct from the southern Praecox. If you can use specimens I shall be pleased, as I am sending you one to-day.

Mr. Eaton has been away so that I have been unable to ask him about separates &c Dodge and Equisetum.

Yours truly,

Oakes Ames.

GEOLOGICAL & NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY,
Alfred R. C. Selwyn, C.M.G., L.L.D., F.R.S., Director.
MUSEUM AND OFFICE, SUSSEX ST., OTTAWA.

May 3rd 1889.

G. J. Kennedy, Esq., M. D.,
Roxbury, Mass.

Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your favour of 18th ult. this morning — as the letter was addressed to Montebello & though some delay did not reach me till to-day.

I send you herewith my last copy of the extra copies which the publishers (Can. Rec. Sc. Montreal) sent me.

The reviewer of the paper only made a difference of 100 in the number of species included in the list but that is not serious, it was no doubt a typographical error. With regards

I am

Yours sincerely

Henry M. Ami

APPALACHIAN MOUNTAIN CLUB
1050 Tremont Building
Boston Mass

March 2, 1915.

Dr. George C. Kennedy,

Readville.

Dear Dr. Kennedy:

May I take the liberty to bring to your attention a Club project?

You may recall that in 1900 Messrs. Curtis and Ormsbee perished on the Crawford Path en route to the Club Field Meeting on Mt. Washington. The next year we built an inexpensive refuge hut near the Lake of the Clouds. It is believed that this has saved several lives but it has been inadequate for camping purposes and being without a keeper has been abused.

A stone hut similar to the Madison hut and the newly constructed Carter Notch hut is much desired and with a keeper can be made to pay a slight profit, as has been done for several years at the Madison hut.

The Federal Government has purchased that part of the range and the Forest Service will undoubtedly give us a building permit similar to the one given at Carter Notch.

It is expected that a stone hut, including furniture, would cost $2500. The expense of building the Carter Notch hut was met by an appropriation of $1000. from the Reserve Fund but the remainder of that Fund should be retained to meet emergencies and guarantee publications. I am therefore trying to find members who will join me in a subscription.

I have headed it with $100., and six members have followed my example, five have subscribed $50., two $40., twelve $25., four $20., one $15., twenty-seven $10., eleven $5., and three $2., making a total to date of $1756. Would you be sufficiently interested to join in the project?

Although the payment of subscriptions is not at present called for, checks to the order of the Appalachian Mt. Club may be sent now.

The subject has been submitted to the Council and the Trustees of Real Estate and both Boards welcome the subscription.

Hoping that you will be interested, I am,

Very truly yours,

Roswell B. Lawrence

ESTABLISHED 1876
INCORPORATED 1895

INCORPORATED CAPITAL
$50,000 00

ASPHALT ROOF COATING COMPANY

DEALERS IN

FIRE AND WATERPROOF COATING
FOR SHINGLE AND METALLIC ROOFS

OFFICE
127 FEDERAL STREET
TEL., FORT HILL 3214

BOSTON, MASS., March 20, 1913.

Dr. G. G. Kennedy,

Blue Hill Ave.,

Readville, Mass.

Dear Dr. Kennedy:-

Some time ago, our representative left one of our "Asphalt Circulars" at your residence. We took this liberty with no intention of encroaching upon your time, but assuming that a Process capable of not only the elimination of the necessity of reshingling a roof every few years, but also the transformation of a shingled-roof into a fac-simile of slate, free from all the objectionable qualities attending the latter, might possibly interest you.

The treatment of a shingled-roof with our Process renders it as Durable, Fire and Water-Proof as slate; during hot weather, its imperviousness to heat lowers the temperature in the attic to a marked degree; its weight being slight, there is no possibility of the rafters sagging, which often occurs in a slated roof; its lubricity is such that snow slides off readily, and the liability of the overflowing of gutters is reduced to a minimum; the cementing of the overlapping course of shingle-butts to the one beneath it, prevents the water from backing up and freezing under the shingles during the winter months, which is the cause of much of the leakage in both shingled and slated roofs.

That the quality of present-day shingles is so poor (the cause of which is the use of young-growth timber made necessary by the scarcity of the better grades, on account of the rapid diminution of our forest resources) they will not give long service without protection; that they will warp and split after a few years' exposure to the weather, more especially on the south side; that the extraction of the sap by the sun leaves the shingles soft and porous, permitting the penetrating of moisture to such an extent that it causes the nail heads to rust, and the result is, the shingles soon loosen and blow off,--this can be proved beyond the power of contradiction upon the examination of most any roof, a few years after being shingled.

ESTABLISHED 1876
INCORPORATED 1895

INCORPORATED CAPITAL
$50,000.00

ASPHALT ROOF COATING COMPANY

DEALERS IN

FIRE AND WATERPROOF COATING
FOR SHINGLE AND METALLIC ROOFS

OFFICE
127 FEDERAL STREET
TEL., FORT HILL 3214

BOSTON, MASS.,

The forces that are responsible for the former are Expansion and Contraction, and, with their elimination, a shingled-roof will give as long service as any other kind. This can be attained only by the exclusion of moisture from the shingles, which is assured by an application of our Asphalt Coating.

We think that our Roofing Process is the best paying proposition for property owners now in the market; and in substantiation of our claims for it, we submit the testimonials of leading business men, who have, on their own roofs, thoroughly tested its Durability, Fire and Waterproof Qualities, and no stronger proof than this can be offered to the public.

An application of our Asphalt Coating to a newly-shingled roof not only renders it absolutely fire-proof against sparks and cinders, but adds (25) years to its life. Also a roof, with the shingles badly warped and loose, properly repaired and coated, is more durable and more ornamental than a newly shingled one, and, at considerable less expense than the latter.

WE GUARANTEE YOUR ROOF FOR THE TERM OF (15) YEARS.

Trusting that you will consider this proposition, and that we may be able to serve you in the future, we remain,

Respectfully yours,

Asphalt Roof Coating Co.
D. C. Elwell, Pres.

Newton Office, 263 Washington Street,
Newton, Mass.

A Few Prominent Customers whose Roofs have been treated with our "Roofing Process":

The President and Fellows of Harvard University		Cambridge
President C. W. Eliot (Emeritus), Harvard University		Cambridge
Wellington Fillmore, firm of Fillmore & Co., Builders		Cambridge
William Brewster (16 buildings)		Cambridge
David Brewer (8 buildings)		Cambridge
E. H. Bright, firm of Pettigrew & Bright		Cambridge
Dr. George W. Gay		Chestnut Hill
F. A. Schirmer, firm of F. A. Schirmer & Co		Chestnut Hill
R. H. White		Chestnut Hill
George S. Mumford, President of Commonwealth Trust Co		Chestnut Hill
Francis W. Lee		Chestnut Hill
Robert D. Andrews, firm of Andrews, Jaques & Rantoul, Architects		Brookline
John K. Whiting, firm of D. Whiting & Son		Brookline
G. N. Talbot	131 Sewall Ave	Brookline
Rev. Geo. A. Hall	89 Hyslop Road	Brookline
Seth Nichols	192 Buckminster Road	Brookline
C. R. Talbot	270 Buckminster Road	Brookline
Chas. N. Brush	123 Longwood Ave	Brookline
Clarence H. Esty	97 Addington Road	Brookline
Geo. C. Ogden, Builder (11 houses)		Winchester
James J. Fitzgerald (6 houses)		Winchester
J. W. Russell	Main Street	Winchester
W. D. Richards	4 Black Horse Terrace	Winchester
James H. Dwinell	354 Main Street	Winchester
Dr. M. A. Cummings	69 Church Street	Winchester
Dr. G. N. Meade	27 Church Street	Winchester
Dr. C. J. Allen	38 Church Street	Winchester
Dr. H. A. Gale	465 Main Street	Winchester
Geo. S. Teale (7 buildings)	142 Pond Street	Stoneham
James Cogan	48 Elm Street	Stoneham
W. P. Fletcher	37 Warren Street	Stoneham
Dr. James Blenkhorn	317 Main Street	Stoneham
Henry B. Day, firm of R. L. Day & Co		West Newton
Robert Gorton	90 Berkley Street	West Newton
M. U. Adams	77 Temple Street	West Newton
J. W. Estabrook	32 Sewall Street	West Newton
Arthur E. Mason	158 Prince Street	West Newton
William G. Bell	40 Shaw Street	West Newton
Newton Club	Walnut Street	Newtonville
Henry E. Bothfeld		Newton
Charles E. Currier, firm of Charles E. Currier Co., Builders		Newton
G. R. Griffin	136 Hunnewell Avenue	Newton
Mitchell Wing	115 Hunnewell Avenue	Newton
Sidney Harwood, firm of Geo. S. Harwood & Sons		Newton

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

BOSTON, MASS., March 24, 1913.

The Asphalt Roof Coating Company of 127 Federal Street, Boston, Mass., agrees to repair and coat with their Asphalt Roof Coating the shingled roofs of the following described building House, Stable, & Cottage House,
owned by Dr. George G. Kennedy,
and located at No. Readville, Massachusetts.
for the sum of Five Hundred and Fifty ($550.00) Dollars.
payable at completion of contract,

The said Company agrees to make the following repairs, if necessary, before the application of the Coating: Replace all missing shingles, repair split shingles by the insertion of metal flashings under the butts, replace decayed ridge-boards and thoroughly renail all loose shingles with Nails Specially Coated for the purpose.

As the said Company guarantees their work, the extent of the repairs will depend entirely on the condition of the roof.

The said Company further agrees to guarantee the said described roofs for the period of Fifteen Years (15) from date of completion of the within contract, and to repair any and all leaks that may develop during that time, Free of Cost, upon notification of the same at their office, 127 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.

Asphalt Roof Coating Co.

By D. J. Swift, Pres.

Extra Charge for Coating Inside of Gutters.

Asphalt Roof Coating Company

GUARANTEE

BOSTON, MASS., April 7, 1913.

HAVING repaired and coated with our Asphalt Roof Coating the roofs of buildings owned by Mr. Dr. Geo. G. Kennedy

located at No. Blue Hill Ave, Milton, Mass.

The Asphalt Roof Coating Company guarantees the said shingled roofs for the period of Fifteen Years (15) from date of the completion of the contract April 7, 1913 and agrees to repair any and all leaks that may develop during that time, free of cost to the said Mr. Dr. Geo. G. Kennedy provided the said Company is notified of the same by letter at their office, 127 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.

Upon notification of leakage, the said Company agrees to repair the same as expeditiously as the then prevailing weather conditions will permit.

Gutters and chimneys are not guaranteed by this Company.

Asphalt Roof Coating Co.

By D. J. Lunt, Treas.

Williamstown, Mass
July 28, 1911

My dear Dr. Kinsley,

I have several questions that I should like to ask you, if I am not making myself troublesome by too many of them. Have you looked over the specimens which you took from Mt. Greylock? Our Polygonatum would seem

to be P. meningeum - The more mixed so
in the study with it was not in shape
for me to identify. I merely guessed
D. hypnoides subclass and didn't
note it down. Our doubtful thyrsus
still suggests H. expressiforme or one
of its forms. The Racomitrium was
evidently R. aciculare. If I am
mistaken at any of those points I
should be glad to have you set me
right - Another question - What is
basis of separation of D. crassum
congestum from D. fuscescens. Is
it the capsule which is "congested"
or the plant or something else, or
nothing? Would I be likely to find
it in this locality? There seems considerable
variation in specimens of D. fuscescens.
I should be very grateful for enlightenment
on these various points to

Very Sincerely,

A. LeRoy Andrews.

West Virginia University
MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

DEPARTMENT OF GERMANIC LANGUAGES
FRED. W. TRUSCOTT, PH. D.
A. W. PORTERFIELD, A. M.
A. LEROY ANDREWS, A. M.

Feb. 11, 1904.

My dear Dr. Kinsley,

The box arrived to-day in good condition. I am afraid I have occasioned you a good deal of trouble, but am very grateful for the opportunity to examine the specimens.

I find among Mr. Collin's Rhode Island specimens of recent collection a few specimens of the southern S. macrophylum.

Some of my specimens of Hookeria laetevirens show clusters of clavate broad-bodied at the apices of the leaves. I don't know whether the ones I sent you had them or not.

I am inclosing a specimen of Raphidostigma cylindricarpum, which may be of passing interest. R. denissum is common here, and R. microcarpum was collected here by Mills Baugh, though I have not yet seen it.

Thanking you again for the specimens,

Yours sincerely,

C. LeRoy Andrews.

West Virginia University
MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

DEPARTMENT OF GERMANIC LANGUAGES
FRED. W. TRUSCOTT, PH. D.
A. W. PORTERFIELD, A. M.
A. LEROY ANDREWS, A. M.

May 8, 1904.

My dear Dr. Kennedy.

I have studied your sphagna very carefully and shall probably send them back during the present week. Where I have disagreed with the determinations I have indicated by a bit of paper placed beneath the label. I have disagreed only upon careful microscopic examination, comparison with other specimens and descriptions and plates of Warnstorf, Braithwaite, etc. I have followed Warnstorf as to species, where he seems to have done a very good business on the whole, but I see nothing in his color variations, where Röll seems to be right in reducing them to categories subordinate to variety and form. So many other varieties I can see nothing more than chance forms, but have recognized as many as I conscientiously can, comparing with Braithwaite etc. The S. affine of Rimbold & Cardot is reduced by Warnstorf to variety of S. cymbifolium (= S. Austini). It appears to pass into S. cymbifolium and to correspond with var. squarrosulum of that species as understood by Braithwaite and others. Trusting you will reach you in good shape and thanking you very much for the loan of specimens I am

Very sincerely yours,
A. LeRoy Andrews

Dartmouth College
Hanover, N. H.
Oct. 23, 1904.

My dear Dr. Kennedy, —

Thanks very much for the Flora of Willoughby just received. You must have found it a very interesting region.

I shall hope to finish the check-list of Sphagnum the coming winter. I was in Germany the past summer and took occasion to visit from Berlin Herr Warnstorf. He is an old man, who still teaches in the city schools of Neuruppin and is finishing work on the cryptogamic material collected in earlier years.

He was evidently very glad to have me come to see him and his collections, and showed me a number of things, including S. Angstroemii from America and three new species recently described by Lindberg fils from Finnish material, all allied to S. Dusenii

I have collected a bit about here, including a trip to Mt. Mossilauke. I suppose we shall hear interesting things from the party which made the trip to Gaspé.

Again thanking you for the book.

Very sincerely yours,

A. LeRoy Andrews.

ans. April 2

120 Oak Ave.
Ithaca, N. Y.
Mar. 31, 1912.

Dear Dr. Kennedy:

I was very glad to hear from you and to learn that your eyes are once more in condition for moss-studies.

As to the specimen enclosed, I am much afraid I was guilty of sending you from the early days of my moss-collecting a sterile specimen of Tetraphis (n. Georgia) pellucida, which I had taken to be a Mnium. I am ashamed to think of the wretched bits of moss I bothered bryologists with in the days when my new enthusiasm for mosses

was so disproportionate to my experience with them. It was very kind of you to bear the matter in mind and write me about it and I trust you will pardon my entirely unintentional deception.

I hope to devote what leisure time I can secure to Bryology and by very intensive work in very limited groups to contribute some little to our understanding of the mosses. I wish you much joy in your further work with them.

My mother and sister are this year in Cambridge and I had hoped to get to one of the Botanical Club meetings, but fortune has not favored me as yet, and it doesn't exactly look as if I should be able to be there at the beginning of my work. I hope to be able to attend a meeting some of these autumn months and then possibly the coming summer will bring me with closer vicinity.

Very sincerely yours,

O. Stapf